# Sylhet Cadet College <br> Model Test Examination - 2022 <br> Class: HSC <br> Subject: Statistics First Paper (MCQ) <br> Subject Code: 129 

Full Marks: 25
Time: 20 minutes
Answer any fifteen (15) questions. Each question is worth one (1) mark.

1. In which scale of measurement, zero is regarded as true zero?
(a) Nominal scale
(b) Interval scale
(c) Ratio scale
(d) Ordinal scale
2. For which variable, determining number of terms is not possible?
(a) Discrete variable
(b) Continuous variable
(c) Quantitative variable(d) Qualitative variable

Answer the next three question based on the following information.
A farmer collects growth (in cm) of 10 plants in a month and finds that $\sum x_{i}=7$ and $\sum x_{i}^{2}=15$
3. What is the value of $\sum\left(x_{i}+4\right)$ ?
(a) 23
(b) $\sum x_{i}+4 n$
(c) 22
(d) 11
4. What is the value of $\sum\left(x_{i}-4\right)^{2}$ ?
(a) 23
(b) 135
(c) 484
(d) 121
5. If the square of summation is subtracted the sum of square, the value is -
(a) -8
(b) 34
(c) 8
(d) -34
6. Which one is not an example of ratio scale?
(a) Room no.
(b) Income
(c) Number of accidents
(d) Weight
7. Which one falls in the category of interval scale?
(a) Speed
(b) Temperature
(c) Distance
(d) Film rating
8. The arithmetic mean of first $n$ natural numbers-
(a) $\frac{n}{2}$
(b) $\frac{n+1}{2}$
(c) $\frac{n^{2}}{2}$
(d) $\frac{n^{2}-1}{2}$
9. When is the relationship $A M=H M=G M$ true?
(a) All values are equal
(b) The values form a geometric progression
(c) The values form an arithmetic progression
(d) All values are distinct
10. In the presence of outlier(s), which measure of central tendency is suitable?
(a) Arithmetic mean
(b) Median
(c) Quadratic mean
(d) Power mean
11. If a rate is defined as $R=\frac{c}{d}$, where $\mathbf{c}$ is constant, then which measure is perfect?
(a) Weighted arithmetic mean
(b) Harmonic mean
(c) Quadratic mean
(d) Weighted geometric mean

Answer the next two questions as per the following information.
424459647072749194 are 9 values.
12. What is the 50 th percentile?
(a) 64
(b) 70
(c) 72
(d) 71
13. Below which value lie 70 percent values?
(a) 42
(b) 44
(c) 59
(d) 74
14. Which measure might have more than one value?
(a) Arithmetic mean
(b) Geometric mean
(c) Quadratic mean
(d) Mode
15. Above which value lie $\mathbf{3 0 \%}$ observations?
(a) 3rd Quartile
(b) Median
(c) 30th Percentile
(d) 70th percentile
16. Arithmetic means of three groups having equal no. of items are 30,32 , and 34 . What is the combined mean?
(a) 30.33
(b) 32.67
(c) 32.00
(d) 33.00
17. How many types of skewness are there?
(a) 1
(b) 2
(c) 3
(d) 4
18. Which moment may have a negative value?
(a) $\mu_{4}$
(b) $\mu_{3}$
(c) $\mu_{2}$
(d) $\mu_{2}^{\prime}$
19. Which moment is equivalent to variance?
(a) First raw moment around 0
(b) 2nd central moment
(c) 2nd raw moment around median
(d) First raw moment around arithmetic mean
20. In a right-skewed distribution -
(a) Average values are very frequent
(b) Low values have very low frequency
(c) High values have very low frequency
(d) All values have uniform frequency
21. Which one is included in Five Number Summary?
(a) 2nd Central Moment
(b) 1st Raw Moment
(c) Median
(d) Variance
22. What is the value of first central moment?
(a) Variance
(b) Arithmetic mean
(c) Standard deviation
(d) 0
23. If the first raw moment around 2 is 3 , what is the value of $\bar{x}$ ?
(a) 2
(b) 5
(c) 3
(d) 1
24. Which measure does not depend on change of origin?
(a) Arithmetic mean
(b) Standard deviation
(c) Geometric mean
(d) Median
25. If the first raw moment around 2 is 3 , what is it around 0 ?
(a) 3
(b) 0
(c) 6
(d) 5

